PATENTS 102090-0001P1

Since applicant's independent claims 12 and 22 both specify a light fitting containing a heat shield with apertures, those base claims as well as the claims dependent thereon are clearly patentable over Kikuchi.

Accordingly and for the foregoing reasons, this application should now be allowed.

Please charge any additional fee occasioned by this paper to our Deposit Account No. 03-1237.

Respectfully submitted,

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- 2 -

7Zareby redistribute excess light and heat from the 'hot spot' to other areas below the reflector, dramatically increasing uniformity, functionality and efficiency in these extreme applications. This heat shield is superior to prior art because it relies only on direct reflection toward 2 target area below the lighting fixture. It does not reflect substantial quantities of radiation back 5 towards the lump and reflector for (inefficient) re-reflection. Hence, the function of the hem shield is totally separable from that of the reflector it is coupled with, not limiting it to use in conjunction with any specific reflector design.

Summery of the Invention

substantially

The present invention seeks to provide an adjustable reflecting device which/overcomes 10 the disadvantages of the prior art. Lor at clean andisrates

In one broad form, the present invention provides a shielding device adapted to be disposed about at least part of a lighting means, said device being substantially V-shaped and 15 perforated.

Preferably, said device is adapted to be attached to a lump socket or lamp bracket of said lighting means.

Preferably, said device is positioned on the opposed side of said lighting means 20 relative to a reflector device associated with said lighting means.

In a preferred form, said shielding device acts to at least partly deflect heat and/or light emitted from said lighting device, to thereby control the amount and lateral spread of 25 radiation emined directly from said lighting means.

In a professed embodiment, the nature and/or extent of perforation of said shielding device is predetermined to control the amount of radiation deflected by said shielding device.

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Preferably, said perforations are embodied in a patterned manner, such as in rows or the like.

In a preferred form, radiation deflected from said device is transmitted away from said 5 reflector device.

Preferably, said reflector device has adjustable curvature.

Also preferably, said reflector device has a double parabolic shape.

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In a preferred embodiment, the ends of the device are shaped such that the overall shape of the device is 'house roof' shaped.

In a further board form, the present invention provides a method of controlling the nature and/or extent of radiation emitted from a lighting source, by using a shielding device as hereinbefore defined.

Brief Description of the Drawings

The present invention will become more fully understood from the following description 20 of a preferred but non-limiting embodiment thereof, described in connection with the accompanying drawings, wherein:

- FIG. 1 shows a preferred embodiment of the shielding device in accordance with the present invention;
- FIG. 2 shows an alternatively preferred embodiment of the shielding device of the 25 invention;
 - FIG. 3 shows an exploded view of one example of an adjustable reflector device used in conjunction with the shielding device of the present invention;
 - FIG. 4 shows a disassembled view of the startopula reflector desice of FIG. 3, depicting the the protruding skirts, present on sheet members;
- FIG. 5 shows an assembled view of the stitle reflector dentee of FIG. 3 prior to 30